CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

1. A method for preventing to form a spacer undercut in SEG Pre-clean process, comprising:

providing a semiconductor substrate;

forming a gate structure on said semiconductor substrate;

forming a spacer of double-film structure on a side-wall of said gate structure, wherein said spacer of double-film structure comprises a first spacer and a second spacer, said first spacer being formed between said side-wall of said gate structure and said second spacer;

removing a portion of a surface of said semiconductor substrate; and etching said first spacer and said second spacer, wherein an etching rate of said second spacer is faster than an etching rate of said first spacer.

- 2. The method for preventing to form a spacer undercut in SEG Pre-clean process according to claim 1, wherein removing said portion of said surface of said semiconductor substrate comprises a DHF (hydrofluoric acid diluted in deionized water) solution is utilized to remove a native oxide layer on said surface of said semiconductor substrate.
- 3. The method for preventing to form a spacer undercut in SEG Pre-clean process according to claim 2, wherein a volume ratio for hydrofluoric acid to deionized water is about 1:10- 1:100 in said DHF solution.
- 4. The method for preventing to form a spacer undercut in SEG Pre-clean

process according to claim 2, wherein etching said first spacer and said second spacer comprises a HFEG (HF diluted by ethylene glycol) solution is utilized.

- 5. The method for preventing to form a spacer undercut in SEG Pre-clean process according to claim 4, wherein a volume ratio for hydrofluoric acid to ethylene glycol is 0-4% in said HFEG solution.
- 6. The method for preventing to form a spacer undercut in SEG Pre-clean process according to claim 4, comprising to remove said native oxide layer on said surface of said semiconductor substrate by said HFEG solution.
- 7. The method for preventing to form a spacer undercut in SEG Pre-clean process according to claim 5, comprising to remove said native oxide layer on said surface of said semiconductor substrate by said HFEG solution.
- 8. The method for preventing to form a spacer undercut in SEG Pre-clean process according to claim 1, wherein said first spacer comprises silicon dioxide.
- 9. The method for preventing to form a spacer undercut in SEG Pre-clean process according to claim 8, wherein said second spacer comprises silicon nitride.
- 10. The method for preventing to form a spacer undercut in SEG Pre-clean process according to claim 9, wherein removing said portion of said surface on said semiconductor substrate comprises a DHF solution is utilized to remove a

native oxide layer on said surface of said semiconductor substrate.

- 11. The method for preventing to form a spacer undercut in SEG Pre-clean process according to claim 10, wherein a volume ratio for hydrofluoric acid to deionized water is about 1:10- 1:100 in said DHF solution.
- 12 .The method for preventing to form a spacer undercut in SEG Pre-clean process according to claim 10, wherein etching said first spacer and said second spacer comprises a HFEG (HF diluted by ethylene glycol) solution is utilized.
- 13. The method for preventing to form a spacer undercut in SEG Pre-clean process according to claim 12, wherein a volume ratio for hydrofluoric acid to ethylene glycol is 0-4% in said HFEG solution.
- 14. The method for preventing to form a spacer undercut in SEG Pre-clean process according to claim 12, comprising to remove said native oxide layer on said surface of said semiconductor substrate by said HFEG solution.
- 15. The method for preventing to form a spacer undercut in SEG Pre-clean process according to claim 9, wherein etching said first spacer and said second spacer comprises a HFEG solution is utilized.
- 16. The method for preventing to form a spacer undercut in SEG Pre-clean process according to claim 15, wherein a volume ratio for hydrofluoric acid to ethylene glycol is 0-4% in said HFEG solution.

- 17. The method for preventing to form a spacer undercut in SEG Pre-clean process according to claim 9, comprising a native oxide layer on said surface of said semiconductor substrate is removed by said HFEG solution.
- 18. The method for preventing to form a spacer undercut in SEG Pre-clean process according to claim 1, further comprising a raised source/drain is formed on said surface of said semiconductor substrate after etching said first spacer and said second spacer.
- 19. The method for preventing to form a spacer undercut in SEG Pre-clean process according to claim 18, wherein formation of said raised source/drain is formed by selective epitaxial growth (SEG) method.
- 20. A method for preventing to form a spacer undercut in SEG Pre-clean process, comprising:

providing a semiconductor substrate;

forming a gate structure on said semiconductor substrate, wherein said gate structure comprises a gate oxide and a polysilicon gate electrode, said polysilicon gate electrode on said gate oxide;

forming a first spacer comprises silicon dioxide on a side-wall of said polysilicon gate electrode and said gate oxide;

forming a second spacer comprises silicon nitride on a side-wall of said first spacer;

performing a first Pre-clean process, using a DHF solution to clean a surface of said semiconductor substrate;

performing a second Pre-clean process, using a HFEG solution to clean a portion of said surface of said semiconductor substrate and a portion of said first spacer and a portion of said second spacer; and

forming a raised source/drain on said surface of said semiconductor substrate.

- 21. The method for preventing to form a spacer undercut in SEG Pre-clean process according to claim 20, wherein a volume ratio for hydrofluoric acid to deionized water is about 1:10-1:100 in said DHF solution.
- 22. The method for preventing to form a spacer undercut in SEG Pre-clean process according to claim 20, wherein a volume ratio for hydrofluoric acid to ethylene glycol is 0-4% in said HFEG solution.
- 23. The method for preventing to form a spacer undercut in SEG Pre-clean process according to claim 20, wherein said raised source/drain is formed by selective epitaxial growth (SEG) method.
- 24. The method for preventing to form a spacer undercut in SEG Pre-clean process according to claim 23, wherein said selective epitaxial growth (SEG) method for said raised source/drain is selected from a group consisting of low pressure chemical vapor deposition and ultra-high vacuum chemical vapor deposition.
- 25. The method for preventing to form a spacer undercut in SEG Pre-clean process according to claim 23, wherein said raised source/drain comprises

epitaxial silicon.